



**MARKING NOTES  
REMARQUES POUR LA NOTATION  
NOTAS PARA LA CORRECCIÓN**

**November / novembre / noviembre 2011**

**ENGLISH / ANGLAIS / INGLÉS A1**

**Higher Level  
Niveau Supérieur  
Nivel Superior**

**Paper / Épreuve / Prueba 1**

*These marking notes are **confidential** and for the exclusive use of examiners in this examination session.*

*They are the property of the International Baccalaureate and must **not** be reproduced or distributed to any other person without the authorization of IB Cardiff.*

**Provisional marking**

**During the early period of your marking your team leader (or principal examiner in the case of team leaders) will contact you to discuss the standard of marking and the interpretation of the marking notes. Before this discussion, it is necessary to have provisionally marked (in pencil) about ten scripts.**

**If your team leader has failed to make contact with you, please try to make contact with her or him yourself, by phone or e-mail.**

**ASSESSMENT CRITERIA****Criteria A and B**

The danger of rewarding or penalizing the use of illustration/references/quotations twice in both these categories should be avoided.

**Criterion B**

The passages for commentary offer candidates a variety of possibilities for analysis and interpretation. The test of any interpretation is that it has to be tied carefully to the words, images and relevant details of the text. Personal response, in the same way, must be tied to the passage.

In the descriptor for level 2, there may be other conditions under which a “2” may be awarded, such as a limited use of evidence or a generally weak response. Substantiation of points may be made but be very weak/superficial.

What is sought by “personal response” is an individual voice and engagement with how the text works. Engaged and individual commentaries will usually make themselves clear by the depth of insight into the text and the quality and interest of the details cited in support.

The first person singular does not automatically constitute a personal response and conversely an impersonal academic style does not necessarily indicate a lack of personal response.

**Criterion C**

“Awareness” and “appreciation” of literary features are the key elements under this criterion. The mere labelling, without appreciation, of literary features will not score the highest marks. On the other hand, the candidate who is attentive to literary features and deals with them in a meaningful way, but who does not consistently use the vocabulary of literary criticism, can still be awarded the higher achievement levels.

**Reminder:** the term “literary features” is broad and includes elements as basic as plot, character, *etc.*, attention to which is valid and must be rewarded as appropriate.

### Criterion D

Any form of structuring to the commentary will be rewarded if it is effective and appropriate. Different conventions are in operation and therefore all approaches, including the linear (line by line analysis), are acceptable and will be judged on the basis of their effectiveness. Examiners should remember that structure does not exist by itself, but any structure must be measured by appropriate reference to the passage or poem and by its capacity to integrate these towards the development of an organized and coherent commentary.

**Reminder:** In this criterion, supporting examples must be evaluated in terms of how fluently they are incorporated/integrated to shape/advance the argument, **not** in terms of their appropriateness or accuracy.

### Criterion E

If you have reservations about awarding a four, you should ensure that these are well-founded before awarding a three. The breadth of achievement in level three sometimes makes examiners reluctant to award four.

Use judgment when dealing with lapses in grammar, spelling and punctuation; therefore do not unduly penalize.

Mechanical accuracy is only a part of this criterion. Ensure that all the other elements are considered.

Examiners should be careful to avoid being prejudiced in their application of this criterion by achievement levels in other criteria. It is possible to score highly on this criterion even if candidates have scored in the lower levels on the other criteria, and vice versa.

These notes to examiners are intended only as guidelines to assist marking and as a supplement to the published external assessment criteria for written paper 1. They are not offered as an exhaustive and fixed set of responses or approaches to which all answers must rigidly adhere. Good ideas or angles not offered here should be acknowledged and rewarded as appropriate. Similarly, answers which do not include all the ideas or approaches suggested here may still be very good answers.

**Of course, some of the points listed below will appear in weaker papers, but are unlikely to be developed.**

The following elements are particularly relevant to criteria A, B and C.

### Question 1. Prose

Satisfactory and good papers, three to four, on a spectrum of increasing precision and detail, **may**:

- identify the sequence of events
- indicate recognition of the two participants in the action
- offer an interpretation of the presence of the “dancing bear”
- be clear about the outcome of the events
- address how action is delivered through choice of language *e.g.* verbs, comparisons, and sentence structure.

Very good to excellent papers, four to five, on a spectrum of increasing sophistication and literary sensibility, **may also**:

- investigate strategies in structuring the passage *e.g.* shifting focus, suspense, alternating dream and reality
- consider the way pace is handled in the passage
- explore the interplay of positive and negative diction and imagery
- offer some hypothesis about the tone of the passage *e.g.* gothic, humorous, tragic.

### Question 2. Poem

Satisfactory and good papers, three to four, on a spectrum of increasing precision and detail, **may**:

- identify the situation, the people, and the nature of the setting
- comment on how imagery helps to express the speaker’s feelings about the musician
- discuss the larger ideas the poet incorporates in the final stanzas
- comment on the way the stanzaic structure complements the development of meaning.

Very good to excellent papers, four to five, on a spectrum of increasing sophistication and literary sensibility, **may also**:

- consider the use of the senses of sight and hearing
  - discuss the title of the poem in relation to its content
  - examine the interplay of specific references to music, place and light
  - examine parallelism and repetition as they reflect the content of the poem
  - discuss more fully the use of visual, tactile and auditory imagery.
-